UNIT

語句を並べかえる問題

B

例題と解き方

例是	1 次の英文が成り立つように () の語を並べかえなさい。	@1
(1)	A: Look at this picture. This is the longest river in Japan. B: Do (long / is / you / how / know / it)?	〈富山県・改〉
	Do	?
	A: My dream is to become a doctor. I have had that dream since I was B: That's nice. You are trying very hard, so I (your dream / sure / come I	
例題	2 次の英文が成り立つように()の語を並べかえなさい。	😋 2
(1)	A: I want to buy something for my mother's birthday.	〈愛媛県・改〉
	B: There (front / in / a flower shop / is) of the station. There	of the station.
(2)	A: Will you carry this desk to the next room with me? B: OK, but it (big / to / may / too / go / be) through the door.	〈兵庫県〉
	OK, but it	_ through the door.
9307	3 次の英文が成り立つように () の語を並べかえなさい。 A: My father and I went to a party yesterday. This is a picture I took. B: Oh, (your / with / talking / the man / father) is Tom!	
	Oh,	is Tom!
(2)	I think studying abroad will give (to / chances / make / you / many)	your English better. 《岐阜県 · 改》
	I think studying abroad will give your English better.	
	きょ ②• 1 語句を組み立ててつなげる!	***************************************
	版の中で「まとまり」を見つけてから文を組み立てる。	
題が	Do you know を組み立てる (Do you know ~?	
(1)	Do (long / is / you / how / know / it)? how long ~ it is または is it の まとまりができた	
	→Do you know に間接疑問文 〈how long +主語+動詞〉 をつなげ	る。

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your dream (will) come true を組み立てる
                                                your dream (will) come true
                                                will come
(2) I (vour dream / sure / come / will / am / true)
                                                I am sure O
                                                まとまりができた
                    will come を組み立てる
             I am sure を組み立てる
     →I am sure に (主語+動詞)をつなげる。sure のあとに接続詞that が省略された文。
       例題1の答え @ (1) you know how long it is (2) am sure your dream will come true
 解告方 2 文法・熟語・構文をヒントにする!
見つけた「まとまり」を文法・熟語・構文の知識を使って組み立てる。
                    in front of 路籍
                                  There is ~ 模文
(1) There (front / in / a flower shop / is ) of the station.
    → (There is +名詞(句) +場所)の構文を使って組み立てる。
            it may be 文法 … (助動詞+動詞の原形)
(2) OK, but it (big / to / may / too / go / be) through the door.
       too ~(形容器/副詞) to ...(動詞の原形) 文法
                                       go through ~ 問語
    →it may be のあとにtoo big to を続け、最後はgo (through the door)。
                   例題2の答え @ (1) is a flower shop in front (2) may be too big to go
 #き方 2 3 文全体の構造をよく吟味する!
動詞の形を意識して、文全体の構造・意味、修飾関係(語順)を複合的に考える。
              talking with ~ BE
(1) Oh, (your / with / talking / the man / father ) is Tom!
            your father
    →talking with ~のあとにyour fatherかthe manが入る。
        Oh, the man talking with your father is Tom! →○
        「あなたのお父さんと話している男性はトムです。」
        Oh, your father talking with the man is Tom! →不自然
        「その男性と話しているあなたのお父さんはトムです。」
                                       many chances
(2) ... studying abroad will give (to / chances / make / you / many ) your English better.
                          もしくは (give + A + B) make your English better 文法 …(make + A + B)
     →(give + A + to + B)の場合 give many chances to you = make をつなぐ語がない。
     → (give + A + B)の場合 give you many chancesのあとにto make your English better。
                                                 (to+動詞の原形)
                      give A B
      例題3の答え ® (1) the man talking with your father (2) you many chances to make
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